

Henry VIII. or the ill-fated Charles I., all the Stuart royal residences.

the fact that the man whom he considers the first gentleman in Europe cares more for his comparatively modest country estate, loves to look over his horses and his cattle, to study his wheat crop and his bird coverts, and is undoubtedly the most ardent advoas close to Dame Nature's bosom as peror of India and an English king will allow. The Queen, for her part, can a decided preference for country life, this estate and makes it pay, a thing that many an untitled Englishman has failed to accomplish to his cost,

Popular as the King undoubtedly is among all classes of his subjects, it is as a country gentleman that he is seen at his best. This is the role he fulfils when at Sandringham, his country home, where he can doff his crown and snap the bonds of royal etiquette. As such he is a model landlord, a successful farmer, a sanitary reformer, a generous philanthropist, well-liked ployer and the most practical of all temperance reformers. The schools and churches which he has built for the three villages which comprise his estate, testify to his real interest in the permanent welfare of the people. No-where are the poor cared for as they are

where are the poor cared for as they are here, in the King's own village.

The King's country home, known as Sandringham House, where His Majesty is now staying, was purchased for him by his father, the Prince Consort, some 42 years ago, at the cost of \$1,200,000. The house stands in a park of some 500 cm. house stands in a park of some 600 acres if to this we add the farms, kitchen If to this we add the farms, kitchen gardens and plantations, the estate comprises some 12,000 acres. It has a rent roll of about \$60,000, and, if rumor is correct, the King has always made a point of spending this on improving the estate, in which case he must have spent in this way alone considerably over a million dollars. To understand what the King has accomplished at what the King has accomplished at Sandringham one cannot do better than to glance first at the residence, then at the gardens, farms, and last, but by no means least, the model dwellings which the King has had erected for his

mentioned far larger and more elaborate. Yet Sandringham House has a dignified and pleasing appearance. It is of modernized Elizabethan architecture, built of red brick, with Ketton stone. dressing. Over the door at the main entrance one reads the following inscription: "This house was built by Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, and Alexandra his wife, in the year of our Lord

As a matter of fact, the estate was purchased some nine years previous to that date, but the Old Manor House was in such a condition that, after vainly trying to patch it up and add to it, it was found desirable to pull it all down and build an entirely new residence. Thirteen years ago Sandringham was again in the hands of the builders after

a disastrous fire, when the entire roof of the main building was damaged and the whole of the two upper floors were burned beyond the possibility of saving them. But the King, who was then, of course, the Prince of Wales, cheerfully set to work to rebuild the ruined portion of the house, and Sandringham, or at least the new part of it, is today completely fireproof, with iron and concrete floors and roof. The fire cost the King \$76,000, and made Sandringham an unusually costly residence for that particular year. It will be seen from the above that the house is entirely a modern structure. It has a frontage of some 500 feet, and it is so designed that the majority of the principal rooms overlook the terrace and the beautiful gardens

### Where the King Enjoys Life,

Of the rooms in the house, with their Sandringham House may be described as a typical country mansion; it is by no means a palace; indeed, if the truth must be told, a dozen homes could be mentioned far larger and more elaboment of the results of the res room is a magnificent apartment, fitted with windows reaching from ceiling to floor. The walls are paneled with pink and blue and with moldings of gold and cream. The furniture is upholstered in pale blue, with threads of deep crimson and gold; the hangings are of rich chenille; the floor of polished oak, with rich Indian rugs distributed here and there. A plentiful scattering of music and books gives it a homelike appearance. room is a magnificent apartment, fitted

ance.

The apartment best known to the people of Norfolk county is the ball-room. It is of immense size and of lofty construction. There is hardly a father, a laborer or servant in the emission of the King who cannot say that

"Tenants'" and the "servants'" balls. Until a few years ago the King and Queen always led off the dancing on these occasions, but since he ascended the throne His Majesty has been too much occupied with affairs of state to always put in a personal appearance, but with characteristic thoughtfulness sees that everything is done to make the ball a success and his working people made happy. The King's workroom many would describe as small, but it is in this room that His Majesty answers his correspondence and transacts all the business affairs connected with his estate. In an adjoining room may be seen a complete postoffice. You can buy a stamp or take out a money-order at Sandringham House in the very same way as you an in a postoffice in the Strand in London.

The spacious dining-room, the three libraries, the conservatories, the billiard-room, gunroom and an interesting apartment containing numerous sporting trophies and cups won by the King's cattle competition are all handsome apartments, quietly but tastefully and artistically furnished.

### King's Gardens and Farmhouses.

After all it is the gardens and farms that are the chief charm of Sandringham. Indeed, it was these latter which decided the King to give up Osborne House and retain Sandringham when he came to the throne.

To fully appreciate the beauty of the gardens at Sandringham, one should stand on the terrace front, when a scene of rare beauty enchants the eye. There

of rare beauty enchants the eye. There people of Norfolk county is the ballroom. It is of immense size and of
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father, a laborer or servant in the employ of the King who cannot say that
the has not had a good time in this

pretty rustic bridge is able to reach across it, and further on it diminishes into a stream, trickling through purple heather and fringes of feathery bamboos, while everywhere is the sirging of birds and the soothing cry of the wood

Beyond the gardens is the park, which has a peculiarly personal interest. From his mother the King has inherited a taste for memorial trees, and the illustrious guests at Sandringham have not often escaped without being asked to plant one. At the base of each is an iron label carrying an inscription that describes the kind of tree and tells who planted it. To enumerate them would be a tedious task to perform, for from the Kaiser and the Czar downwards there is scarcely an European potentate of importance who has not growing in Sandringham Park a tree planted with

his own hands. Reverting again to the gardens, it is interesting to note that pink china roses are said to be the favorite flower of their Majesties, and no fewer than 20,000 were planted at Sandringham, in the autumns of 1893 and 1899. So prolific have these plants proved that prolific have these plants proved that from a single bank four feet high no fewer than 10,000 roses were taken in one morning. The Queen has also a passion for violets of every hue, to the raising of which 200 feet of glass houses is devoted. Mention may also be made of the walled-in gardens with their treasures of rare fruits ripening seductively in the sun; the alpine gardens ductively in the sun; the alpine gardens and the wonderful rockies. His Majesty's delight when at Sandringham is to visit his farm. As soon as his correspondence is finished he hastens away from his house across

Jandringham House
The Rings favorite residence and where the Ring of Portugal
was entertained during the Christmas Holidays apartment. There are three "annual" | islands, whose trees are mirrored in the | sense of the word, as distinguished | village club. The latter was founded dances held there-the "county," the water. Here the lake narrows until a from the owner of an estate upon which there are farms. Indeed the King, whose training has been essentially that of an English country gentleman, takes the liveliest personal interest in every detail connected with his land, himself marking out trees to be felled and directing where others should be planted, and superintending the choice of stocks, and all questions that have to do with the carrying on of the lands and farm. It is a wonderful farm, for nowhere else is so much

high-bred stock to be seen upon the

same area. The glory of the farms, of course, is their stock. At Sandringham are to be found a splendid herd of pedigreed Shorthorns and Southdown sheep of the first quality as the prizes that they take at all the leading shows attest. The Sandringhamshire horses are famous—
the finest, indeed, to be seen any—
where. In December on the farm there
were between 70 and 80 head of them,
bred from the finest blood in the world.

Of the thoroughbreds the same may
be said, if it is necessary to do so, seeing that they include the two Derby
winners, Persimmon and Diamond
Jubilee, and 15 magnificent mares. In
addition to these, hackneys are also
bred. Nor are the Shorthorns the only
cattle, for with them are herds of Irish
Dexters and Jerseys. In fact, it would
be interesting to know what is the
total value of the stock upon the Sandringham farms. This must be enormous, Sandringhamshire horses are famousringham farms. This must be enormous,

ringham farms. This must be enormous, but great as has been the capital outlay, the probability is that the investment pays since when the produce of such stock is put upon the market it commands high prices, and is, of course, much sought after by breeders for the value of its blood.

The Queen's model dairy is a place where she and her daughters have spent many delightful hours in the mysteries of butter-making. Also there are technical schools on the estate and a

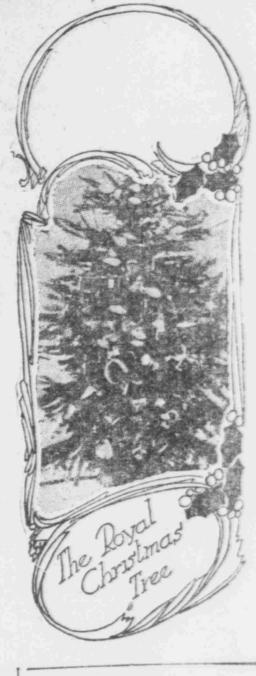
The Job Nearest Heaven

by the King for the benefit of the villagers and the men and youths employed on the estate.

It was the late Earl of Derby who said: "Half the secret of the King's unrivaled popularity is that he is a sportsman to the backbone." Indeed he is a past master of the gun, and ranks among the dozen best shots in the United Kingdom. He has shot bears at dangerously close quarters in the Carpathian Mountains, and dozens of fierce boars have fallen to his gun in Germany. He sent a bullet through the head of one at a distance of over

200 yards. But it is pheasant shooting that the But it is pheasant shooting that the King loves best, particularly when he can shoot over his own preserves at Sandringham. From 10,000 to 12,000 pheasants are reared on the estate annually, and the first shoot which takes place on the King's birthday is one of the chief events of the year. On that day about 60 beaters are employed, all of whom are uniformly dressed and each carries a flag. There are about of whom are uniformly dressed and each carries a flag. There are about 13,000 acres of shooting belonging to or rented by the King, and the Prince of Wales rents about 10,000 acres. What the bags have been like is no secret. The best season was that of 1896-97, when, according to a card which hangs in the head keeper's office, there were obtained 13,958 pheasants, 965 partridges, 838 hares, 6,185 rabbits, 77 woodcocks, 8 snipes, 52 teals, 271 wild ducks, 18 pigeons and 27 various birds.

The man who occupies the most elevated position in the world is neither a monarch nor a multimillionaire. He is simply a poorly paid stationmaster on an Alpine railway. The name of the little station is Gornergratt. It is near Zermatt, Switzerland, and is only reached after a difficult climb over a chaos of glaciers. Its altitude is about 9,900 feet above sen leve!



## European Nurses At the Front.

Japanese Red Cross Society the Best Equipped Institution In the World.

ent war have been looked after b naturally of great interest, and it can be stated now that the facilities for this taken especial pains with this organization, and the Japanese Red Cross Society can lay claim to being one of the best equipped and most perfected in that world. In fact, so much is thought of the Japanese nurses and their system of working that a special attache has been sent out by England to report on their work in the field for the benefit of the British society.

In the same way several ladies from other European countries are working in the hospitals of Manchuria, attendag to the Japanese wounded and studying the methods of the Japanese Red Cross Society. There are also a number of American nurses, Miss McGee, a wellknown lady physician, having had an less than eight trained American nurses

under her. Many of these women have had protical experience in field hospital work, and speak in the highest praise of the Japanese physicians and their patient,

willing little nurses. The Japanese Red Cross Society has considerably over 900,000 members, and during times of peace has an annual growth of 100,000 members, with in average income for that period of

\$1,000,600. Naturally, the society has taken considerable time to reach its present magnificent state of preparedness for such eventualities as the present one, havet had practical field experience, both during the China war, when over 1.80 mm and women members of the society vilunteered and took charge of all the had pitals at the scenes of hostilities, and during the Boxer rising, when two forces equipped hospital ships were built and

rendered excellent aid. The system of training the murses to become members of the society is \$ particularly rigorous one. If the bed office is joined, three years have devoted in learning the practical ing and the scientific side of the But anyone wishing to join at of its many branches, when a periodic two years is necessary only two years is necessary shorter term still is required onember if only qualifying for nate positions, such as assistant Between 200 and 300 fully medical men are attached to t dispatched to the coming scenes tilities long before the presen-broke out, and were inquiring in likely food resources for the M troops. Samples were tall vegetables and other foods, oughly was the investiga-out that wells in the vicini The usual percentage of deaf-disease alone in many great to four, but by such precamions above taken by her Red Cross So Japan has reduced the figures to per cent.

# The Bohemian Twins.

There has arrived in Lo Liego, Bohemia, the Misses Josefa Blazek, who are, no bnormality in existence. has been seen in Europe's Chang, the Siamese twins don in 1869, before settling United States, where they isters, and have reared head Blazek differs little from Stamese twins. The bodies Josefa being somewhat the two. Although the girls spend their lives side by side not look into each other's most that is possible is a side that Rosa is enabled to take

dent, but mentally the girls hat arate existence. Nor do their t clinations or temperments Consequently they live in a star